WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

a reaction chamber;

means for supplying a gas from an upstream side of the reaction chamber;

means for heating the gas on the upstream side of the reaction chamber;

means for holding a substrate to be processed on a downstream side of the reaction chamber; and

means for circulating the gas from the downstream side of the reaction

chamber to the upstream side of the reaction chamber.

- 2. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said means for heating comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
 - 3. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 4. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 5. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.

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6. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

a reaction chamber;

means for supplying a gas from an upstream side of the reaction chamber;

heat generating means formed on the upstream side of the reaction chamber;

at least one heat absorber for absorbing thermal radiation from the heat generating means;

means for holding a substrate to be processed on a downstream side of the reaction chamber; and

circulation means for supplying the gas from the downstream side of the reaction chamber to the upstream side of the reaction chamber.

- 7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said means for heating comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 8. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
 - 9. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 10. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing

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11. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

a reaction chamber having an intake portion for inhaling a gas, and an exhaust portion for expelling the inhaled gas;

heat treatment means for heating the inhaled gas in the reaction chamber;

means for supplying the gas, heated by the heat treatment means, to a substrate to be processed that is disposed within the reaction chamber; and

means for circulating the gas expelled from the exhaust portion to the intake portion.

- 12. An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein said heat treatment means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 13. An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 14. An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 15. An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.

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16. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

a reaction chamber having an intake portion for inhaling a gas, and an exhaust portion for expelling the inhaled gas;

heat generating means for heating the inhaled gas in the reaction chamber;

heat treatment means having a heat absorber for absorbing thermal radiation from the heat generating means;

means for supplying the gas, heated by the heat treatment means. to a substrate to be processed that is disposed within the reaction chamber; and

means for circulating the gas expelled from the exhaust portion to the intake portion.

- 17. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said heat generating means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 18. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 19. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 20. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.

21. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

a reaction chamber;

means for supplying a gas from an upstream side of the reaction chamber. through a heat exchanger;

means for heating the gas on the upstream side of the reaction chamber;

means for holding a substrate to be processed on a downstream side of the reaction chamber; and

means for supplying the gas from the downstream side of the reaction chamber to the heat exchanger.

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22. An apparatus according to claim 21, wherein said means for heating comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.

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- 23. An apparatus according to claim 21, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 24. An apparatus according to claim 21, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 25. An apparatus according to claim 21, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 26. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

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a reaction chamber having an intake portion for inhaling a gas, and an exhaust portion for expelling the inhaled gas;

a heat exchanger formed on an upstream side of the intake portion; means for supplying the gas through the heat exchanger;

heat treatment means for heating the inhaled gas in the reaction chamber;

means for supplying the gas, heated by the heat treatment means, to a substrate to be processed that is disposed within the reaction chamber; and

means for supplying the gas expelled from the exhaust portion to the heat exchanger.

- 27. An apparatus according to claim 26, wherein said heat generating means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 28. An apparatus according to claim 26, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 29. An apparatus according to claim 26, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 30. An apparatus according to claim 26, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.

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31. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

gas supply means;

a heat exchanger;

first gas heat treatment means having an entrance port and an exhaust port;

a first processing chamber having an entrance port and an exhaust port; second gas heat treatment means having an entrance port and an exhaust port; and

a second processing chamber having an entrance port and an exhaust port;

wherein:

the gas supply means is connected to the entrance port of the first gas heat treatment means, through the heat exchanger;

the entrance port of the first processing chamber is connected to the exhaust port of the first gas heat treatment means;

the exhaust port of the first processing chamber is connected to the entrance port of the second gas heat treatment means;

the entrance port of the second processing chamber is connected to the exhaust port of the second gas heat treatment means; and

the exhaust port of the second processing chamber is connected to the heat exchanger, and

wherein the heat treatment apparatus uses a gas heated by the heat treatment means as heat sources.

32. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein each of said first and second

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gas heat treatment means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.

- 33. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
 - 34. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 35. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 36. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

n (where n > 2) processing chambers each having an entrance port and an exhaust port;

n gas heat treatment means each having an entrance port and an exhaust port; and

a heat exchanger;

wherein:

the entrance port of the m-th (where $1 \le m \le (n-1)$) processing chamber is connected to the exhaust port of the m-th gas heat treatment means;

the entrance port of the n-th processing chamber is connected to the exhaust port of the n-th gas heat treatment means; and

the exhaust port of the n-th processing chamber is connected to the heat

exchanger, and

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wherein the heat treatment apparatus uses a gas heated by the heat treatment means as heat sources.

- 37. An apparatus according to claim 36, wherein each of said gas heat treatment means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 38. An apparatus according to claim 36, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 39. An apparatus according to claim 36, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 40. An apparatus according to claim 36, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 41. A heat treatment apparatus comprising:

first gas supply means;

second gas supply means;

a plurality of gas heat treatment means;

a plurality of processing chambers; and

piping;

wherein:

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the first gas supply means is connected to the piping coupled in series to the plurality of processing chambers, through the gas heat treatment means; and

the second gas supply means is connected to the piping coupled in parallel to each of the plurality of processing chambers, and

wherein the heat treatment apparatus uses a gas heated by the heat treatment means as heat sources.

- 42. An apparatus according to claim 41, wherein each of said gas heat treatment means comprises at least one lamp selected from the group consisting of a halogen lamp, a metal halide lamp, a high pressure mercury lamp, a high pressure sodium lamp, and a xenon lamp.
- 43. An apparatus according to claim 41, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 44. An apparatus according to claim 41, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 45. An apparatus according to claim 41, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 46. A heat treatment method comprising the steps of:

 supplying a gas from an upstream side of a reaction chamber;

 heating the gas by using heat treatment means located on the upstream of
 the reaction chamber, and making the gas flow downstream; and

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heating a substrate to be processed that is arranged on a downstream side of the reaction chamber while circulating the gas from the downstream side of the reaction chamber to the upstream side.

- 5 47. A method according to claim 46, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
 - 48. A method according to claim 46, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
 - 49. A method according to claim 46, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 50. A heat treatment method comprising the steps of: supplying a gas from an upstream side of a reaction chamber;

heating the gas by using heat generating means, and a heat absorber for absorbing thermal radiation from the heat generating means, formed on the upstream side of the reaction chamber, and making the gas flow downstream;

again supplying the gas from the upstream side after the gas is expelled from a downstream side of the reaction chamber; and

heating a substrate to be processed that is held on the downstream side of the reaction chamber while it is being circulated.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.

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- 52. A method according to claim 50, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 5 53. A method according to claim 50, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 54. A heat treatment method comprising the steps of: supplying a gas from an upstream side of a reaction chamber;

heating the gas by using heat generating means, and a heat absorber for absorbing thermal radiation from the heat generating means, formed in the upstream side of the reaction chamber, and making the gas flow downstream;

supplying the gas expelled from an exhaust portion of the reaction chamber to an intake portion;

heating a substrate to be processed that is disposed in the reaction chamber by using the heated gas while it is being circulated.

- 55. A method according to claim 54, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 56. A method according to claim 54, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 57. A method according to claim 54, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.

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58.	A heat treatment method comprising the steps of:	
	disposing a substrate in a processing chamber;	

supplying a gas from gas supply means to first gas heat treatment means, through a heat exchanger;

heating the gas by using the first gas heat treatment means; supplying the heated gas to a first processing chamber;

heating the gas expelled from the first processing chamber by using second gas heat treatment means;

supplying the heated gas to a second processing chamber; and supplying the gas expelled from the second processing chamber to the heat exchanger.

- 59. A method according to claim 58, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 60. A method according to claim 58, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 61. A method according to claim 58, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 62. A method of heat treating using n (where n > 2) processing chambers and n gas heat treatment means, comprising the steps of:

disposing a substrate in a processing chamber;

supplying a gas heated by the m-th (where $1 \le m \le (n-1)$) gas heat

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treatment means to the m-th processing chamber;

heating the gas supplied to the m-th processing chamber by using the (m+1)-th heat treatment means, and supplying the heated gas to the (m+1)-th processing chamber;

supplying the gas supplied to the n-th processing chamber to a heat exchanger; and

heating the substrate disposed in the n-th processing chamber by using the gas supplied from gas supply means as a heat source.

- 63. A method according to claim 62, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 64. A method according to claim 62, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 65. A method according to claim 62, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
 - 66. A heat treatment method comprising the steps of: disposing a substrate in a processing chamber;

supplying a gas from first gas supply means to first gas heat treatment means, through a heat exchanger;

heating the gas by using the first gas heat treatment means; supplying the heated gas to a first processing chamber;

heating the gas expelled from the first processing chamber by using second

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gas heat treatment means;

a heat treatment period for supplying the heated gas to a second processing chamber;

supplying the gas from second gas supply means to the first processing chamber and to the second processing chamber, without going through the heat treatment means; and

a cooling period for cooling the substrate disposed in the processing chamber.

- 67. A method according to claim 66, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 68. A method according to claim 66, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 69. A method according to claim 66, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.
- 70. A method of heat treating using n (where n > 2) processing chambers and n gas heat treatment means, comprising the steps of:

disposing a substrate in a processing chamber;

supplying a gas supplied from first gas supply means and heated by the m-th (where $1 \le m \le (n-1)$) heat treatment means to the m-th processing chamber;

heating the gas supplied to the m-th processing chamber by using the (m+1)-th heat treatment means, and supplying the heated gas to the (m+1)-th

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processing chamber;

supplying the gas supplied to the n-th processing chamber to a heat exchanger;

a heat treatment period for heating the substrate disposed in the n-th processing chamber, using the gas supplied from gas supply means as a heat source;

supplying a cooling gas from second gas supply means to the n-th processing chamber; and

a cooling period for cooling the substrate disposed in the n-th processing chamber.

- 71. A method according to claim 70, wherein said gas is selected from nitrogen and rare gases.
- 72. A method according to claim 70, wherein said gas is one of reducing gases.
- 73. A method according to claim 70, wherein said gas is one of oxidizing gases.